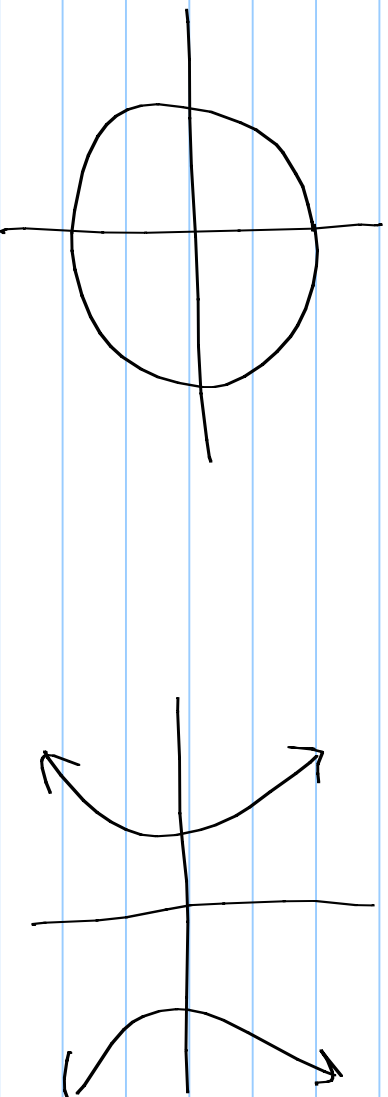


FUNCTIONS AND THEIR GRAPHS

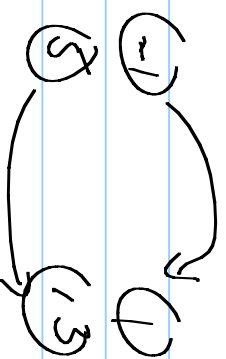
RELATIONS: A SET OF ORDERS PAIRS



FUNCTION: IS A MAPPING THAT ASSOCIATES WITH EACH NUMBER x IN ONE SET (DOMAIN) WITH EXACTLY ONE NUMBER y IN ANOTHER SET (RANGE)

~~THE~~ $f(x) = 2x + 3$

DOMAIN



RELATION = ALL GRAPHS

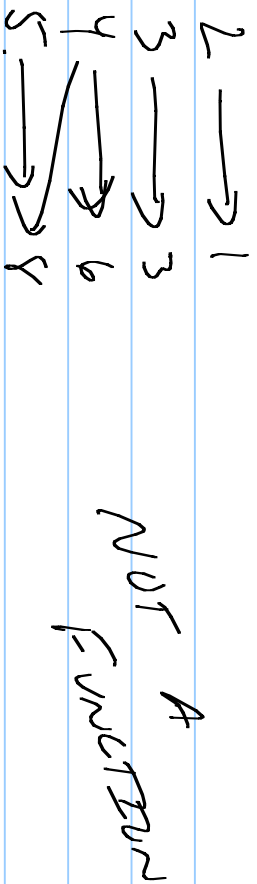
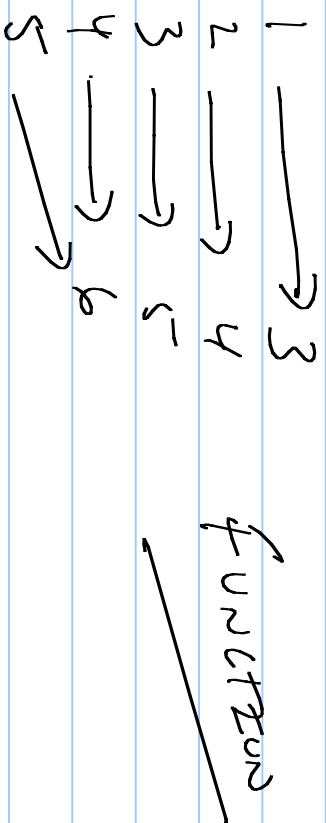
FUNCTIONS = SPECIFIC GRAPHS

FUNCTIONS $\{ (x, y) \mid (1, 2) (3, 4) (5, 6) (4, 10) (9, 10) \}$

NOT A FUNCTION $\{ (x, y) \mid (1, 2) (3, 4) (5, 6) (4, 10) (3, 5) \}$

(x) (y)

IN OUT



How Functions Are Represented

- 1.) Graph
- 2.) Equation
- 3.) Table of Values
- 4.) Ordered Pairs
- 5.) Statement

Graphs of Functions

- The graph of a function f is a drawing

that represents all of the pairs of the set

$(x, f(x))$ if the function is written as

an equation $y = f(x)$

THE TEST FOR FUNCTIONS

1.) VERTICAL LINE TEST

2.) LOOK FOR EVEN POWERS OF Y

* THE HIGHEST POWER OF Y CANNOT BE EVEN *

FB $x^2 + y^2 = 9$

$$2x + 3x^2 + y^4 = 26$$

NOT

$$y^3 + y^2 + 2x + 9 = 23$$

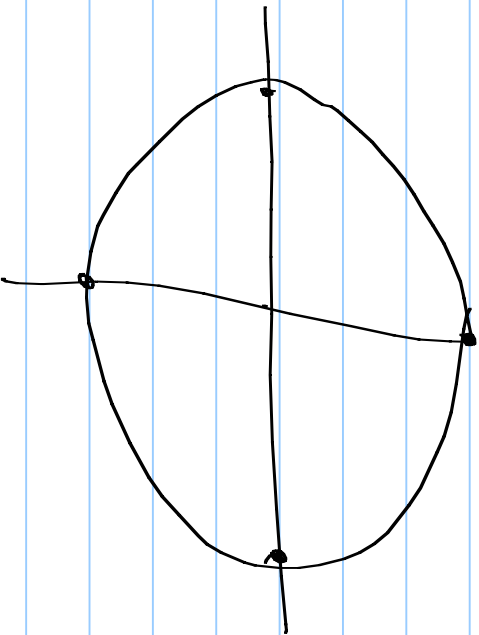
FUNCTION



$$\text{Geometrisch } x^2 + y^2 = 9$$

$$y^2 = 9 - x^2$$

$$y = \pm \sqrt{9 - x^2}$$

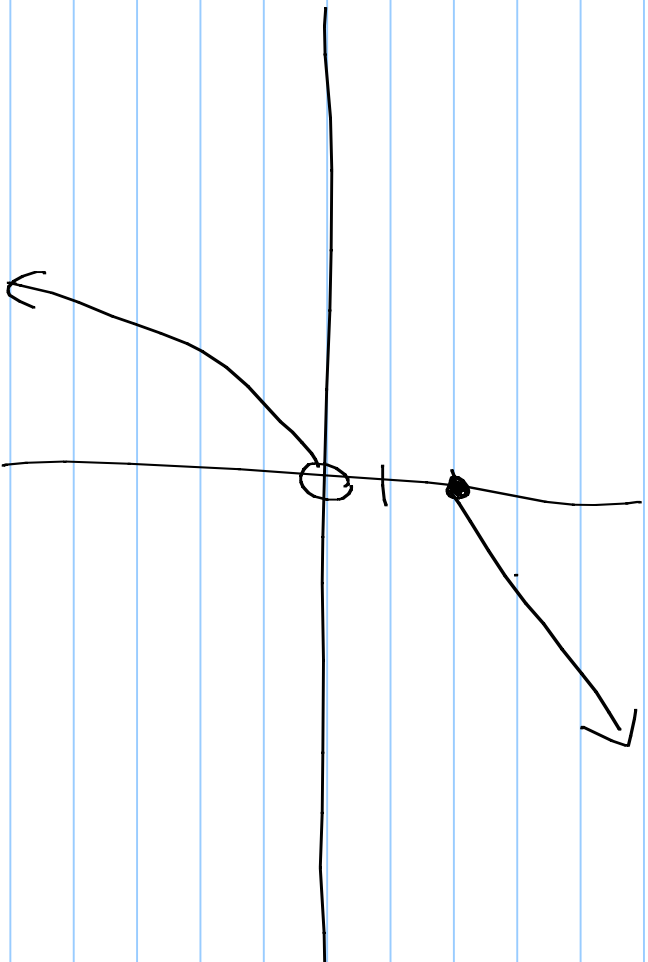


x	y
0	± 3
1	$\pm \sqrt{8}$
2	$\pm \sqrt{5}$
3	0
-3	0

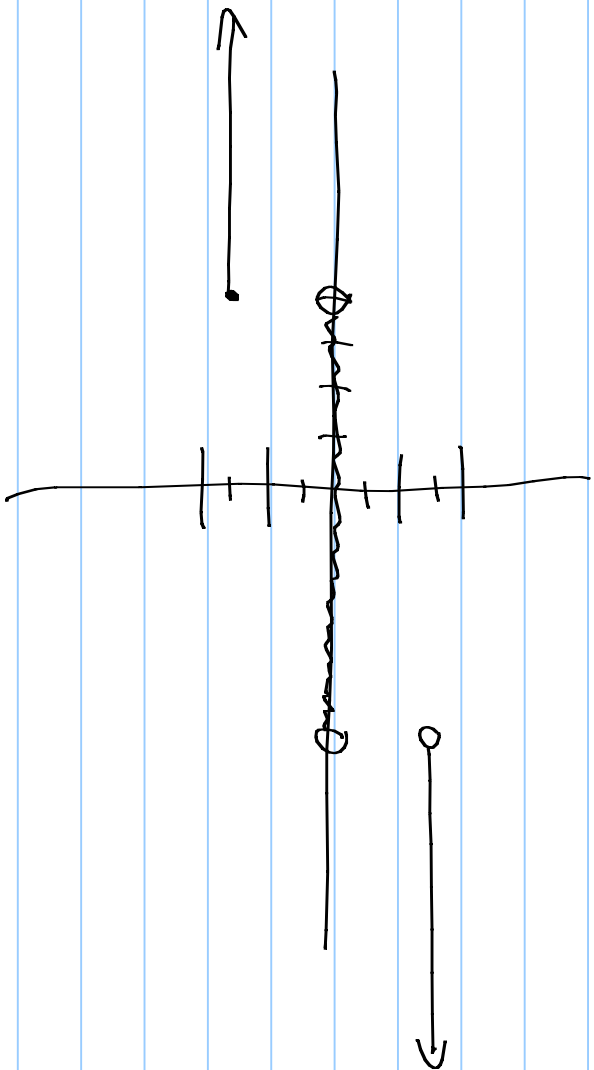
PIECEWISE FUNCTIONS - A GRAPH OF MANY "PIECES"

OF FUNCTIONS OVER SPECIFIC DOMAINS

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x+2 & x \in [0, \infty) \\ -x^2 & x \in (-\infty, 0) \end{cases}$$



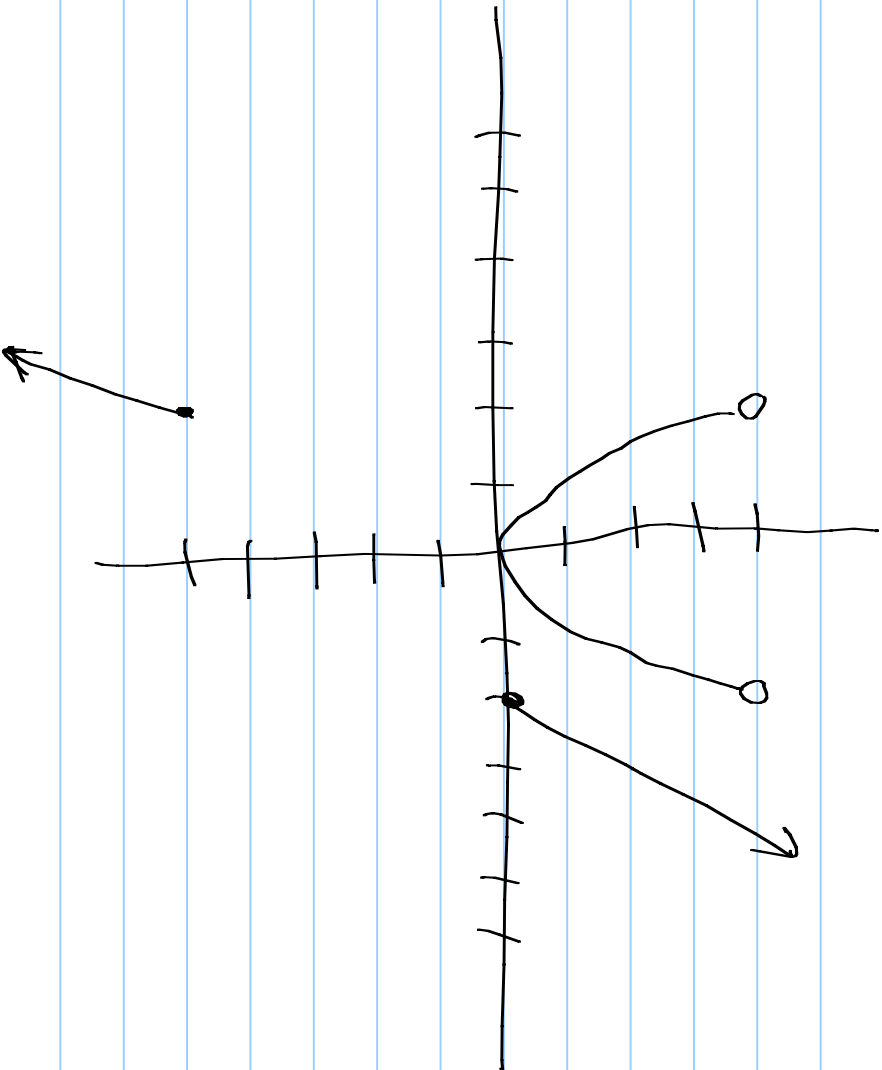
$$y = \begin{cases} -3 & x \in (-\infty, -4] \\ 0 & x \in (-4, 4) \\ 3 & x \in (4, \infty) \end{cases}$$



15

$$y =$$

$$\begin{cases} 4x+3 & x \leq -2 \\ x^2 & -2 < x < 2 \\ 2x-4 & x \geq 2 \end{cases}$$



Lu 31 # 15-26, 29-31, 33, 34